# PSY 2600 Psychobiology, Spring 2016

This is a blended class that meets once a week on Wednesdays in Rocket Hall Rm. 1554 from 8 to 9:15 AM.

The 7 Exams are taken supervised in University Hall Room 5000: Monday: 11 AM - 6:30 PM, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday: 9 AM - 6:30 PM.

Last Day to

Take Exam &

The Hear & Spell Tests and Practice Quizzes are taken unsupervised from any computer.

Date the Exam is

First Available to

Exam

I II St A Vallable to	A BOUNDAY AND MAN MAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A
Take	Associated
	Hear & Spell
	Tests
Wednesday,	Wednesday,
	-
Jan. 20	Jan. 27
Wednesday,	Thursday,
-	
Feb. 3	Feb. 11
Wednesday,	Thursday,
Feb. 17	Feb. 25
Wednesday,	Thursday,
March 2	March 17
Wednesday,	Thursday,
March 23	March 31
Wednesday,	Thursday,
	April 14
Wednesday,	Thursday,
	April 28
Email request by	Tuesday,
	May 3
May 2	
	Wednesday,  Jan. 20 Wednesday,  Feb. 3 Wednesday,  Feb. 17 Wednesday,  March 2 Wednesday,  March 23

All Hear & Spell tests are available from the first day of class until their due dates (see above for due dates).

# **Introduction to Psychobiology**

## **University of Toledo**

#### **Syllabus**

#### **Course Information**

Course title:

**Psychobiology** 

Course number

Course number: PSY 2600-901

Course

Psychology

discipline:

Course description:

This course provides a basic introduction to psychobiology. It uses a textbook designed for college sophomores. Students take practice quizzes on each of the 20 chapters. Grades are based on 7

exams and 20 "Hear & Spell" tests. Students are allowed to retake one exam at the end of the

term.

Prerequisite(s):

: Recommended, PSY 1010 Introductory Psychology

#### **Course Goals**

Course goals:

The purpose of this course is give you a basic understanding of the neurological basis of behavior so that you can 1) better understand magazine and newspaper articles about the brain, 2) be prepared for advanced courses in neuroscience, and 3) have some knowledge of the neurological disorders that you may encounter during your lifetime.

#### **Instructor Information**

Name:

Henry E. Heffner, Ph.D.

Email:

Henry.Heffner@utoledo.edu

Phone:

419/530-2684

Biography:

B.A., Trinity College CT, Psychology; M.S., Florida State University, Psychology; Ph.D., Florida

State University, Psychobiology;

Field of Interest: Role of auditory cortex; Comparative study of hearing; Tinnitus; Ethics of animals

research

For more about me go to: http://psychology.utoledo.edu/showpage.asp?name=hheffner

#### Textbook

Required reading:

A Concise Guide to Psychobiology. (Available only from the UT bookstore.)

Policies

Additional

information:

Attendance consists of taking quizzes and exams on time. The Instructor may post comments from students (without the students' names) for general enlightenment. These policies and procedures will be followed as closely as possible, but are subject to change.

#### **Course Requirements**

Requirements:

Your grade for the course is based on seven exams, each covering two-three chapters. You will be allowed to retake one exam at the end of the course. **The grade you receive on the retake will be the final grade for that exam, even if it is lower than your first score**. (Note that the retake is optional and that you have to let me know which exam you want to retake.)

The grading scale is: 90% & above = A, 88-89.99% = A-, 86-87.99% = B+, 80-85.99% = B-, 76-77.99% = C+, 70-75.99% = C-, 66-67.99% = D+, 60-65.99% = D, 58-59.99% = D-, below 58% = F.

Read a chapter first without filling in the answers to the questions. Read it a second time and fill in the answers as you go. (You can check your answers with those in the back of the book)

Then take a practice quiz for the chapter until you can answer all the questions. Keep reading and taking practice quizzes until you can consistently receive a grade you like. It is not unusual for "A" students to take each quiz 20 or more times before taking an exam.

If you can't answer the practice quiz questions, you will probably not be able to answer the exam questions.

#### Quizzes

Chapter Quizzes are provided for practice and do not count towards your grade. You should take a quiz as many times as necessary to achieve mastery. The questions are chosen randomly from the test bank so you will get a different quiz each time.

The quizzes are machine-scored so spelling errors are counted as wrong answers. Also, there may be an alternative correct answer that is not listed. **Do not panic if the computer scores an answer on a quiz wrong when it is really correct.** Students are expected to answer the questions on the quizzes.

Please let me know if you feel a question needs fixing because it is unclear, there is another alternative answer, or the question is just plain wrong—errors do sometimes occur.

#### **Exams**

The exam schedule is in the Calendar.

Each exam will have 20-32 questions.

**Academic Honesty.** You **may not** receive help from anyone while taking an exam. Students are expected to adhere to the University of Toledo's policy on honesty, which can be found at: http://www.utoledo.edu/dl/students/dishonesty.html

**Scoring Exams.** The exam questions will be matching or multiple choice, with each question based on a practice question.

Note that you will have anatomy questions from previous exams appearing on subsequent ones.

#### Hear & Spell Tests

In order to be considered educated, you must pronounce and spell names and technical terms correctly. For this reason many pronunciations are included in the textbook.

Each chapter has an online "Hear & Spell" test in which words that students may not have heard before are given, along with a brief description of the word.

Students are then required to type in the word, spelling it correctly. Books and notes may be used during the Hear & Spell tests and there is no time limit (other than submitting the test before the due date).

Each correctly spelled word on a Hear & Spell test is worth 0.05 points. Because there are about 400 words, this adds up to 20 points, which is about 10% of your total grade.

#### Missed Exam Policy

Contact the Instructor as soon as possible.

#### **Final Exam**

Instead of a Final Exam, you are allowed to retake one exam of your choice. Your score on the retake will be your final grade for that exam, even if it is lower than your first score. However, if you are satisfied with your final grade, or do not wish to take the chance of getting a lower score on the retake, you do not have to take it. If you want a retake, you will need to linform the instructor before the last week of the term.

# A Concise Guide to Psychobiology: Table of Contents

Chapter 1
Introduction

## Introduction to Neuroscience

Introduction

What is Neuroscience?

History of Neuroscience

Who are Neuroscientists

## Chapter 2

## Brief Introduction to Neuroanatomy

Introduction to the Nervous System

Commissures

Fissures and Gyri

Planes of Orientation

**Brain Scans** 

#### Chapter 3

## The Neuron

Introduction

**Neural Processing** 

**Electrical Properties of Neurons** 

The Synapse

Electroencephalogram

## Chapter 4

#### Neurotransmitters

Introduction

"Typical" Neurotransmitters

"Atypical" Neurotransmitters

Synaptic Transmission

Receptors, Second Messengers, and Glia

Readings of Interest

#### Chapter 5

## Non-Neural Elements of the Nervous System

Introduction

Glia

The Vascular System

The Meninges

The Ventricles and Cerebrospinal Fluid

Neuroanatomy Review

#### Chapter 6

# **Development of the Nervous**

System

Introduction

Prenatal Development

Genes

Postnatal Development

## Chapter 7

## Sensation & Perception + Vision

#### Part 1

Sensation & Perception

Vision Part I

Physics of Light

The Eye

Refractive Errors: Problems in Focusing

the Eye

Two Common Non-Refractive Problems of

the Eye

#### Chapter 8

## The Neural Processing of Visual Information

Introduction

The Retina

The Visual Pathways

Visual Cortex

Disorders of the Visual System

**Subdividing Cortex** 

### Chapter 9

#### Color Vision, Visual Phenomena, and Early

### Visual Experience

Introduction

Color Vision

Abnormal Color Vision

Visual Phenomena

Acquiring Sight in Adulthood

#### Chapter 10

#### Auditory and Vestibular Systems

Introduction

Physics of Sound

Anatomy of the Human Ear

**Encoding Sound** 

The Auditory Pathway

Physiology of the Auditory system

Hearing Disorders

Vestibular System

#### Chapter 11

# Chemical Senses: Taste, Olfaction, and the

#### Vomeronasal Organ

Introduction

Taste (Gustation)

Olfaction (Sense of Smell)

Vomeronasal Organ

Cranial Nerves

#### Chapter 12

## Somatosensory System

Introduction

Discriminative Touch

Thermal Sensitivity

Pain (Nociception)

Kinesthesia

Somatosensory System Anatomy

Vibrissae Sense

### Chapter 13

#### **Control of Movement**

Introduction

Muscles and Motor Nerves

Spinal Reflexes

Control of Movement by the Brain

## Chapter 14

## Regulating the Internal Environment

Introduction

The Autonomic Nervous System

Neural Regulation of the Autonomic

Nervous System

Eating and Appetite

#### Chapter 15

### **Biological Rhythms Including Sleep**

Introduction

Biological Rhythms

Neural Control of Biological Rhythms

Sleep

Sleep Disorders

#### Chapter 16

## **Emotion and Stress**

Introduction

The Study of Emotion

Central Nervous System Circuits

**Prefrontal Cortex** 

Aggression

Reward Centers in the Brain

Stress

### Chapter 17

## Brain Mechanisms in Learning

Introduction

Habituation and Sensitization

Classical Conditioning

**Operant Conditioning** 

The Medial Temporal Lobe and Memory

Other Human Memory Disorders

Long-Term Potentiation

#### Chapter 18

#### Language and Consciousness

Introduction

**Animal Communication** 

Cortical Speech Areas

Lateralization of the Speech Areas

The Split-Brain

Consciousness

#### Chapter 19

## The Malfunctioning Mind

Introduction

Psychiatric Conditions with Known Organic

Causes

Schizophrenia

Environmental Considerations in Mental Illness

#### Chapter 20

## The Symbiotic Nature of Animal

#### Research

Introduction

**Symbiosis** 

Domestication

How Humans Benefit from Their Mutualistic

Relationship with Animals

How Animals Benefit from Their Mutualistic

Relationship with Humans

Philosophical Issues