**Course Syllabus** 

**EECS 3420 - Electronics II** 

**Credits & Contact Hours** 

3 credits & three 50-minute classroom contact per week

**Instructor's Name** 

Dr. Roger King

**Textbook** 

R. Jaeger and T. Blalock, "Microelectronic Circuit Design," McGraw-Hill, 2008, 3rd edition. Recommended supplement: J. Tront, "PSpice for Basic Microelectronics," McGraw-Hill, 2008.

**Course Information** 

Analog transistor, diode and integrated circuit analysis and design. Incremental analysis techniques, frequency response and feedback techniques.

Prerequisite: EECS 3210 and EECS 3400

Required course for EE.

Specific Goals-Student Learning Objectives (SLOs) The student will be able to

- 1. Produce useful incremental models for MOSFET's and BJT's at midband and high frequency.
- 2. Describe the properties of four basic analog amplifier topologies (CE, CB, CC, and differential pair).
- Produce useful incremental models for broadband analog amplifiers in their midband, low-frequency, and highfrequency regions.
- 4. Calculate amplifier transfer functions, and input and output resistances.
- Calculate, interpret and communicate the low- and highfrequency response behaviors of broadband amplifiers using Bode plots and suitable approximations.
- 6. Characterize the effects of midband negative feedback on broadband amplifiers at the system (block diagram) level.
- Identify and model the midband effects, including impedance modification, of series-series, shunt-shunt, shunt-series, and series-shunt negative feedback on broadband amplifiers.
- 8. Succinctly state the basic concepts of the course using one or two sentences per concept.

## **Topics**

- 1. Amplifier concepts/frequency response/dB notation.
- 2. Incremental modeling for BJT/MOSFETs
- 3. One-stage amplifiers/resistance calculations.
- 4. Differential pair/common-mode, differential-mode
- 5. Frequency response in amplifiers, If, hf equivalents.
- 6. Concept of negative feedback
- 7. Application of negative feedback to amplifiers.
- 8. Tests and review.