

Nursing Service Guidelines General

<u>Title:</u> TREATMENT OF RETROPERITONEAL BLEED

Responsibility: The trained and competent Registered Nurse (RN), or physician.

<u>Purpose of Guidelines</u>: To provide guidance for the treatment of patients suspected of having a retroperitoneal bleed.

Procedure:

Once a retroperitoneal bleed is suspected (as evidenced by moderate to severe back pain, ipsilateral flank pain, vague abdominal or back pain, hypotension, or tachycardia), the following steps should be completed:

- 1. Immediately notify the physician
- 2. Draw a type and screen
- 3. Draw an H & H immediately, and Q4 hours
- 4. Upon the direction of the physician, open fluids
- 5. Make the patient ICU status, with Q1 hour vitals and bladder pressure monitoring, assessing the site of the bleed as needed
- 6. Hold anticoagulation
- 7. Upon the direction of the physician consider the following:
 - a. CT Scan with contrast
 - b. Manual compression
 - c. Placing central lines, and arterial blood pressure monitoring
 - d. Repeating a CT in the morning

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Approved:

Reviewed: 2/17, 1/20, 1/23

Revised:

Reviewed by Policy & Standard Committee 2/17, 1/20, 1/23