Figure 1:
Leading Causes of Death in Ohio
1910-1990

Heart Disease  Cancer  Apoplexy  Accidents  Pneumonia & Influenza (1950+)
TB'10-'50 COPD'70
Figure 2: Percentage of total deaths in Ohio 1910-1997

- Heart Disease
- Cancer
- Cerebral Hem (Apoplexy)
- Accidents
- Pneumonia
- Arteriosclerosis
- Diabetes
- Cirrhosis
- COPD
- Suicide
- Bright's Disease
- Nephritis
- Early Infancy Death
- TB
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Figure 3:
General Medical/Surgical Beds per 1000 Population
All Cities

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 4:
Special Care Beds per 1000 Population
All Cities

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 5:
Pediatric Beds per 1000 Children (Under 18 Years)
All Cities

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 6:
OB Beds per 1000 Women (15-44 Years)
All Cities

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 7:
General Medical/Surgical Beds per 1000 Population
First Tier City MSA Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 8:
Special Care Beds per 1000 Population
First Tier City MSA Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 9:
Pediatric Beds per 1000 Children (to 17 Years)
First Tier City MSA Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 10:
OB Beds per 1000 Women (15-44 Years)
First Tier City MSA Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 11:
General Medical/Surgical Beds per 1000 Population
Second Tier City Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 12:
Special Care Beds per 1000 Population
Second Tier City Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 13:
Pediatric Beds per 1000 Children (Under 18 Years)
Second Tier City Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 14:
OB Beds per 1000 Women (15-44 Years)
Second Tier City Regions

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 15: General Medical/Surgical Beds per 1000 Population
First Tier City Regions
1980-1997

Beds per 1000 Population

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 16: Special Care Beds per 1000 Population: First Tier City Regions
1980-1997

Figure 17: Pediatric Beds per 1000 Children (Under 18 Years) in First Tier City Regions

Figure 18: OB Beds per 1000 Women (15-44 Years) First Tier City Regions 1980-1997

Figure 19: General Medical/Surgical Beds per 1000 Population
Second Tier City Regions
1980-1997

Sources: Directory of Registered Hospitals (1980, 1990, 1997), ODOH
U.S. Bureau of the Census, GeoLytics, Inc.
Figure 20: Special Care Beds per 1000 Population
Second Tier City Regions
1980-1997

Figure 22: OB Beds per 1000 Women (15-44 Years) Second Tier City Regions 1980-1997

Figure 23
Accessibility to Hospitals with Special Care Services: 1997
Northeastern Ohio Region

Distance to Nearest ICU Hospital
- Less Than One Mile
- One to Two Miles
- Two to Three Miles
- Three to Five Miles
- Over Five Miles

Lines denote Interstate Highways
Points denote Hospitals with ICU-CCU Services
Figure 24
Accessibility to Hospitals with Obstetrics Beds: 1997
Northeastern Ohio Region

Concentration of OB Beds
- 0-10 Percent of Highest Accessibility Value
- 11-20 Percent of Highest Accessibility Value
- 21-30 Percent of Highest Accessibility Value
- 31-40 Percent of Highest Accessibility Value
- 40 Percent to Highest Accessibility Value

Lines denote Interstate Highways
Points denote Hospitals with OB Services