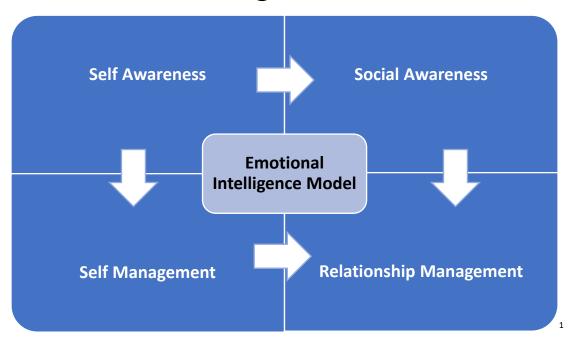


# Emotional Intelligence Overview



#### **Self Awareness**

- Emotional Awareness: Recognizing one's emotions and their effects
- Accurate Self-Assessment: Knowing one's strengths and limits
- Self-Confidence: Sureness about one's self-worth and capabilities

## **Self-Management**

- Self-Control: Managing disruptive emotions and impulses
- Trustworthiness: Maintaining standards of honesty and integrity
- Adaptability: Flexibility in handling change
- Achievement Drive: Striving to improve or meet a standard of excellence
- Initiative: Readiness to act on opportunities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Goleman's Emotional Intelligence Model (2002)

### Social Awareness

- Empathy: Sensing others' feelings and perspective, and taking an active interest in their concerns
- Organizational Awareness: Aligning with the goals of the group or organization
- Service Orientation: Anticipating, recognizing, and meeting customer's needs
- Leveraging Diversity: Cultivating opportunities through diverse people
- Political Awareness: Reading a group's emotional currents and power relationships

## **Relationship Management**

- Leadership: Inspiring and guiding groups and people
- Developing Others: Sensing what others need in order to develop, and bolstering their abilities
- **Influence:** Wielding effective tactics for persuasion
- Change catalyst: Initiating or managing change
- Conflict Management: Negotiating and resolving disagreements
- Building Bonds: Nurturing instrumental relationships
- Collaboration and Cooperation: Working with others toward shared goals
- Team capabilities: Creating group synergy in pursuing collective goals<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Emotional Intelligence Consortium - Emotional Competence Framework. (1998). Consortium for Research on Emotional Intelligence in Organizations.