


Name of Policy: Non-conforming Events in Laboratory Policy Number: 3364-107-127 Approving Officer: Medical Director, Clinical Pathology Responsible Agent: Director, Clinical Pathology Administrative Director, Lab Scope: Pathology Laboratory University of Toledo Medical Center		 Effective date: 01/04/2025 Original effective date: 01/04/2021	
Key words: Non-conformity, policies & procedures, root cause analysis, solution effectiveness, quality management			
<input type="checkbox"/>	New policy proposal	<input type="checkbox"/>	Minor/technical revision of existing policy
<input type="checkbox"/>	Major revision of existing policy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Reaffirmation of existing policy

(A) Policy statement

Non-conformity is any occurrence that is not in accordance with policies, procedures or expectations. A non-conformance means that something has gone wrong and must be corrected. Non-conformances are addressed by identifying the root cause of the problem and developing a plan of correction to remediate.

(B) Purpose of policy

To develop a corrective action plan, a root cause analysis when a non-conformance occurs within the laboratory.

(C) Procedure

1. Use root cause check sheet when starting procedure.

- Determine:
 - What happened.
 - Why it happened.
 - What to do to prevent it from happening again.
- Must be impartial, methodical information driven.
- Include all personnel involved in the error for the analysis.
- Clearly state the purpose is not to assign blame.
- Write down the specific problem – Map the process – See examples.
- Ask why the problem happened.

- If the answer does not identify the root cause, ask why again until there is agreement until the root cause has been identified.
 - Ask what proof there is that the cause exists and is there proof is contributed to the problem.
2. Develop and Implement a Solution
 - Identify changes for each root cause.
 - Consider solution types.
 - Interview key players and stakeholders about feasibility of various options.
 - Identify sources of resistance.
 - Develop a change management approach.
 - Plan the solution.
 - Walk through the solution.
 - Do a FMEA (Failure Mode and Effects Analysis).
 - Obtain approval of change.
 3. Assess Effectiveness
 - Choose an assessment approach.
 - Make necessary changes.
 - Monitor the change over time.
 - Look for similar problems with similar root causes.
 4. Save all documentation and review in Quality Management Meetings.

<p>Approved by:</p> <p><u>/s/</u> Name: Amira Gohara, M.D. Title: Medical Director, Clinical Pathology</p> <p><u>1/10/2025</u> Date</p> <p><i>Review/Revision Completed by:</i></p> <p><i>Joshua Otiso, Administrative Director, Lab</i></p>	<p>Policies Superseded by This Policy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <p>Initial effective date: 01/04/2021</p> <p>Review/Revision Date: 01/04/2025</p> <p>Next review date: 01/04/2027</p>
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